Dictation Contest (PRJr, 初級) No. 1097

Hi, guys! Welcome back to PR Junior.

This is the part three of *The Scarecrows*. Let's begin.

The magic took them to a field. The scarecrow came to life. Fred excitedly jumped in the air. There were also some scarecrows in the lane. Fred waved at them. Fred ran up to the scarecrows.

"Hello!" he called. "Where are you going?"

A scarecrow pointed to a barn. "We're going to the barn dance. You can come too."

We'll stop here, and please go to the next video for part four. Bye!

Dictation Contest (PR1, 中級) No. 1097

Hi, everyone! Welcome back to PR 1!

Today I will talk about health benefits of apples. Let's begin!

You must have heard that "an apple a day, keeps the doctor away."

This means that if you eat one apple a day, you would be healthy, so you don' have to go see the doctor.

Apples are round in shape and [come] in a red colour. But there are also green apples. An apple has a lot of juice, which is mixed with high fibres. It tastes sweet and everyone can eat it. It is one of the healthiest fruits. One single apple has 130 calories.

Further, we get apples in many sizes and shapes. We can use it for skin, chewing and drinking juice.

That's all for today! See you!

Dictation Contest (PR2 上級) No. 1097

Hi, everyone. Welcome back to PR2. Today we will be talking about the Titan.

A huge ice corridor has been discovered on Saturn's biggest moon, Titan. The icy streak was found to stretch over much of the moon – making it over 4,000 miles in length. "This icy corridor is puzzling, because it doesn't fit with any surface features nor measurements of the subsurface." Caitlin Griffith, lead author of the study about the discovery, said in the statement. Titan is the only object in the solar system other than Earth that is known to have liquid rain. But unlike our home planet, on Titan, the rain is methane, which fills the huge lakes that exist on the moon's surface. The source of methane on Titan is unclear but it is thought that some of it comes from evaporation at the polar lakes. Finding out where the methane comes from is challenging, because the view of Titan's surface is blocked by its thick atmosphere.

That changed, however, when NASA's Cassini spacecraft visited Saturn and its moon[s]. Over the mission, Cassini flew over Titan many times, using various measurements to give scientists a look at this unusual moon. Previously, it had been suggested that the lakes beneath the moon's surface could be supplying the methane, with the ice volcanoes pumping it into the atmosphere. Griffith and her team were looking for ice volcanoes by analyzing images from Cassini. Their method allowed them to look at weak surface features that could be found to stretch over ice and organic materials. This is when they came across the ice corridor. Researchers [say] the presence of the ice corridor raises the question of whether volcanic processes were involved in its formation.

That's it for today. See you next time!