

Dictation Contest (PRJr, 初級) No. 110

Hello, everyone! Welcome to PR Jr!

Today I will read this book: *Maisy's Bathtime*.

It's Maisy's bath time. She runs the water and puts in some bubbles.

And in goes duck.

Ding dong!

Oh, that's the doorbell.

Maisy runs downstairs to see who it is.

Hello Tallulah! Maisy can't play now. It's her bath time.

Ok! I will see you guys in another video, ok?

Bye!

Dictation Contest (PR1, 中級) No. 110

Hey, everyone! How are you? This is PR1 dictation. I am going to continue from my last video talking about *Making Honey*.

Bees have two stomachs, one is for food and one is just for carrying nectar. Bees fly from flower to flower and suck out the sweet nectar from inside. The bees fly back to the hive when their honey stomachs are full. They put the nectar into the honeycomb cells so it can turn into honey. The bees make their wings go up and down quickly, that helps to dry the nectar. The nectar turns into honey, then they put some beeswax over the top of each cell. Beekeepers can get the honey out of the hives. They cut out the honeycomb when it is full of honey. Beekeepers have to wear special clothes so that they don't get beestings. We can eat honey from a honeycomb or from a jar. Honey is our food from the bees.

Okay, did you guys like that? I'll see you guys in another video. Bye!

Dictation Contest (PR2 上級) No. 110

Hey, guys! What's up? And welcome to PR2 dictation.

Today I am going to be reading a page out of *The Intellectual Devotional* and today's topic is going to be on Otto von Bismarck. If you do world history at school you might know of him otherwise maybe not, but maybe yes so tune in and let's see if you can understand this.

Otto von Bismarck was a nineteenth-century politician and diplomat who is considered the founder of the modern nation of Germany. Prior to the mid-eighteen hundreds, Germany was a patchwork of tiny, quarrelling states. The fragmentation of Germany had been a legacy of the Holy Roman Empire, which had gradually dissolved into dozens of pieces before finally disappearing in 1806. Working on behalf of Kaiser Wilhelm I (the first), Bismarck was able to consolidate these states into one unified empire.

Bismarck himself was born in Prussia, one of the more powerful German states, as the son of a military officer. He entered politics in his thirties as a conservative. Despite his initial apprehension, he embraced the cause of German unification wholeheartedly.

Okay, I hope you guys understood that. I will see you guys in another video so take care. Bye!