

**Dictation Contest (PRJr, 初級) No. 363**

Hey, guys! How are you doing?

Have you been enjoying the weather recently?

At the time of recording this video, it is pretty sunny, but lately, it has mostly been cloudy.

Cloudy, but very hot and humid. As you know, I like warm summer weather, but I don't like cloudy, humid weather. Because there's no nice sunshine and yet I still feel hot and sweaty.

What about you guys? What kind of weather do you prefer?

Okay, see you soon.

**Dictation Contest (PR1, 中級) No. 363**

Hi there! This is PR1.

In the last videos I told you why and how important English is. Listen to the next part.

It is sometimes hard to study English because you have to learn a lot of words and rules, and a lot of students say they don't like studying English, but if you think of all the wonderful things you can do with English, I'm sure your everyday work will be more enjoyable. English is your future door to the world.

Well, actually I studied really hard to acquire good English, and I have already opened my door to becoming an English teacher. Now, I enjoy working with people from all over the world. So, study English hard and make your future brighter.

I'll see you next time.

Dictation Contest (PR1, 中級) No. 363

Hello, everyone! Welcome back to PR2.

Do you like cats? I personally find cats very lovable and adorable, but have you ever wondered how cats were domesticated? Well, today, we will be taking a closer look at how and when the domestication of cats took place. Let's begin.

A comprehensive study of the domestication of cats shows that the progression from wildcats to house cats did not happen all at once. They were not suddenly captured, put into cages, and then trained to live with people. Instead, they lived in close proximity to human communities for thousands of years and, through familiarity with humans, basically domesticated themselves. Domestication of wild animals is actually quite rare. In fact, humans have only successfully domesticated a handful of species, including dogs, cows, pigs, chickens, and goats. Scientists have not been able to pinpoint exactly which genes these animals have make them more compatible with humans, but they are continuing to attempt to identify them.

All right, that is it for today, and we will be working on the remaining parts in the next video, so please make sure to come back next time. Thank you very much for coming today, and see you in the next video. Stay safe, and take good care. Bye!